COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

1350 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20004

Memorandum

February 8, 2016

TO: Councilmembers and Members of the Public

FR: Phil Mendelson, Chairman

RE: Discussion Draft: Bill 21-415, the "Universal Paid Leave Act of 2016"

Attached is a "discussion print" of Bill 21-415, the "Universal Paid Leave Act of 2016." This bill would establish a paid family and medical leave system within the District. The purpose of this discussion draft is to help stakeholders focus their comments on the issues at play in this important legislation. The major issues include:

- · Participant pool: The discussion draft applies the program only to employees working in the private sector in the District. Federal workers in the District, District residents working outside the District, and District government employees (who have their own program) are excluded.
- Definition of family: The discussion draft narrows the definition of family to include only legal relationships.
- Qualifying event: The discussion draft narrows the scope of what incidents qualify for leave. The definition of "serious health condition" is altered, and excludes mental health issues.
- Maximum leave: The discussion draft provides that the maximum, cumulative leave is 12 weeks in a 52-week period.
- · Wage replacement: The discussion draft provides 90% wage replacement for employees earning less than double the District's minimum wage. Above that, the replacement wage is 50% up to a maximum of \$1,500 weekly.
- Waiting period: the discussion draft requires use of leave provided under the Accrued Sick and Safe Leave Act first. The wage replacement rate is applied to the average weekly earnings over the preceding year that were subject to contribution under this program the effect of which is to maximize benefits for those who have been in the program at least a year.

Over the past several months, the Committee of the Whole has held two hearings on this legislation – one on December 2, 2015 and one on January 14, 2016 – and received feedback from numerous sources. Based on these, we are releasing this draft "discussion print" ahead of the third hearing, scheduled for February 11, 2016, on the bill.

The goal of this "discussion print" is to focus discussion and to help the Committee to address conflicting concerns. This draft is unlikely to be the final draft marked up by the Committee of the Whole. While it reflects changes to the introduced version of the bill, I do not believe it as yet strikes the best balance between cost and benefits. Nor does it address all of the concerns that have been raised thus far. Further changes are likely based on the continued feedback we will receive. Comments may be submitted to csetlow@dccouncil.us or delivered to the Committee of the Whole, Room 410, John A. Wilson Building (1350 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW).

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9	A BILL
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11	<u>21-415</u>
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12 13 14 15	IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
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18 19	To establish a universal medical and family paid leave system for individuals employed in the
20	District of Columbia; and to make conforming amendments.
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23	BE IT ENACTED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this
24	act may be cited as the "Universal Paid Leave Act of 2016".
25	Title I. Establishment of Paid Family and Medical Leave
26	Sec. 101. Definitions.
27	For the purposes of this title, the term:
28	(1) "Application period" means the 12-month period during which an individual's benefit
29	for family or medical leave begins.
30	(2) "Average weekly wages" means the total wages subject to contribution under section
31	105 of this title or owed by the District of Columbia during the 4 quarters out of the 5 quarters
32	immediately preceding the qualifying event during which the individual's wages were highest
33	divided by 52

(3) "Covered employee" means any individual who has the status of an employee and either spends more than 50% of the individual's work time for a covered employer in the District of Columbia or whose employer is a registered business holder in the District of Columbia and who does not spend more than 50% of his or her working time for the covered employer in a state other than the District of Columbia.

- (4) "Covered employer" means any individual, partnership, general contractor, subcontractor, association, corporation, business trust, or any person or group of persons acting directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer in relation to a covered employee, but shall not include the United States, the District of Columbia, or employers the District of Columbia is not authorized to tax under federal law or treaty..
- (5) "D.C. FMLA" means the District of Columbia Family and Medical Leave Act of 1990, effective March 14, 1991 (D.C. Law 8-181; D.C. Official Code § 32-501 *et seq.*).
- (6) "Eligible individual" means a person who is not a current employee of the District of Columbia or the federal government, who meets the administrative requirements of this title and regulations issued pursuant to this title, and:
- (A) Who was a covered employee during some or all the 52 calendar weeks immediately preceding the qualifying event;
- (B) A self-employed resident of the District of Columbia who, during some or all of the 52 calendar weeks immediately preceding the qualifying event, earned self-employment income and has not opted out of coverage under this title; or
- (C) A self-employed individual who, during some or all of the 52 calendar weeks immediately preceding the qualifying event, earned self-employment income for work performed primarily in the District of Columbia and has not opted out of coverage under this title.

57	(7) "Family and medical leave benefits" means the benefits provided pursuant to this title.
58	(8) "Family member" means:
59	(A) A person to whom the eligible individual is related by legal custody, domestic
60	partnership, or marriage; or
61	(B) A foster child.
62	(9) "Health care provider" shall have the same meaning as provided in section 2(5) of the
63	District of Columbia Family and Medical Leave Act of 1990, effective March 14, 1991 (D.C.
64	Law 8-181; D.C. Official Code § 32-501(5)).
65	(10) "Intermittent" means leave taken in separate periods of time due to a qualifying
66	event, rather than for one continuous period of time; provided that leave may be used in no less
67	than one day increments.
68	(11) "Qualifying event" means one of the following:
69	(A) The birth of a child of the eligible individual;
70	(B) The legal placement of a child with the employee (such as through adoption,
71	guardianship, or foster care);
72	(C) The care of a family member of the eligible individual who has a serious
73	health condition; or
74	(D) The care of oneself due to the occurrence of a serious health condition.
75	(12) "Retaliate" means to:
76	(A) Commit any form of intimidation, threat, reprisal, harassment, discrimination,
77	or adverse employment action, including discipline, discharge, suspension, transfer or
78	assignment to a lesser position in terms of job classification, job security, or other condition of
79	employment;

80	(B) Reduce pay or hours or deny an individual additional hours;
81	(C) Inform another employer that the person has engaged in activities protected
82	by this title; or
83	(D) Report or threaten to report the actual or suspected citizenship or immigration
84	status of an employee, former employee, or family member of an employee or former employee,
85	to a federal, state or local agency.
86	(13) "Self-employment income" means net income earned from carrying on a trade or
87	business as a sole proprietor, an independent contractor, or as a member of a partnership.
88	(14) (A) "Serious health condition" means a physical injury, impairment, or condition
89	that involves:
90	(1) Inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or residential health care facility;
91	or
92	(2) Continuing treatment at home by a licensed health care provider.
93	(B) "Serious health condition" includes pregnancy complications or post-partum
94	recovery period when medically ordered.
95	(15) "Wages" shall have the meaning given in section 1(3) of the District of Columbia
96	Unemployment Compensation Act, approved August 28, 1935 (49 Stat. 946; D.C. Official Code
97	§ 51-101(3)), except that self-employment income shall be treated as wages if the self-employed
98	individual has not opted out of coverage under this title.
99	Sec. 102. Establishment of a family and medical leave program and eligibility for
100	benefits.
101	(a) The Mayor shall establish a paid family and medical leave program to administer the
102	family and medical paid leave benefits provided for in this title.

- (b) The Mayor shall issue rules within 120 days of the effective date of this Act toimplement this title.
 - (c) An eligible individual may submit a claim for payment of his or her accrued family or medical leave benefits for a period during which he or she does not perform his or her regular and customary work because of a qualifying event, as defined by Section 101 of this title.
 - (d) Lack of current employment shall not preclude an individual from submitting a claim for payment of his or her accrued family or medical leave benefits.
 - Sec. 103. Amount and duration of benefits.

- (a) Upon the occurrence of a qualifying event, an eligible individual shall be entitled to receive payment of his or her accrued family or medical leave benefits; provided, that regardless of the number of qualifying events that occur, an eligible individual shall not be entitled to receive payment for more than 12 workweeks within a 52 week period.
- (b)(1) An eligible individual who earns an average weekly wage at a rate that, on an annualized basis, is equal to or less than double the District's minimum wage shall be entitled to payment of family and medical leave benefits at a rate that shall equal 90% of that eligible individual's average weekly wage rate;
- (2) An eligible individual who earns an average weekly wage at a rate that, on an annualized basis, is greater than double the District's minimum wage shall be entitled to payment of family and medical leave benefits at a rate that shall equal:
 - (i) 90% of double the District's minimum wage; plus
- (ii) 50% of the amount by which the eligible individual's average weekly wage rate exceeds double the District's minimum wage; provided, that no eligible individual

125 shall be entitled to payment of family and medical leave benefits at a rate in excess of \$1,500 per 126 week. 127 (3) Family and medical leave benefits for partial weeks of leave shall be prorated. 128 (c) Prior to accessing his or her family and medical leave benefits accrued under this 129 title, an eligible individual shall exhaust his or her sick leave accrued under section 3 of the 130 Accrued Sick and Safe Leave Act of 2008, effective May 13, 2008 (D.C. Law 17-152; D.C. 131 Official Code § 32-131.02) first. 132 (d) An eligible individual may receive payment for accrued family and medical leave 133 benefits for leave taken on an intermittent basis so long as the total time of intermittent leave 134 does not exceed 12 workweeks in a 52 week period. 135 (e) An eligible individual shall make a reasonable effort to schedule leave under this title 136 so as not to disrupt unduly the operations of his or her employer and shall provide his or her 137 employer with prior notice when possible. 138 (f) Leave authorized by this section shall run concurrently with, and not in addition to, 139 leave authorized by the DC Family and Medical Leave Act, effective March 14, 1991 (D.C. Law 140 8-181; D.C. Official Code § 32-501 et seq.). 141 Sec. 104. Family and medical leave account fund establishment. 142 (a) There is established as a special fund the Paid Family and Medical Leave Fund 143 ("Fund"), which shall be administered by the Office of the Chief Financial Officer in accordance 144 with this title. 145 (b) Revenue from the following sources shall be deposited into the Fund: 146 (1) Monies collected pursuant to section 105 of this title; 147 (2) Annual appropriations, if any;

148	(3) Interest earned upon the money in the Fund; and
149	(4) All other money received for the Fund from any other source.
150	(c) Money in the Fund shall be used only for the purposes of the paid family and medical
151	leave program, which shall include paying for benefits, public education, and administrative
152	costs required pursuant to this title; provided that no more than 5% of the funds deposited into
153	the Fund may be used to pay for the administration of this title for the fiscal year.
154	(d)(1) The money deposited into the Fund, and any interest earned, shall not revert to the
155	unrestricted fund balance of the General Fund of the District of Columbia at the end of the fiscal
156	year, or at any other time.
157	(2) Subject to authorization in an approved budget and financial plan, any funds
158	appropriated in the Fund shall be continually available without regard to fiscal year limitation.
159	(e) Claims under this title shall not be administered from the Fund until:
160	(1) at least one year after the effective date of this Act; and
161	(2) after the Chief Financial Officer of the District of Columbia certifies that the
162	Fund will remain solvent for at least one year after claims have begun to be paid from the Fund.
163	(f) By December 30, 2016, the Mayor, in coordination with the Office of the Chief
164	Financial Officer, shall provide an update to the Council as to the funds that have thus far been
165	deposited into the Fund and the expected timeline for beginning to make payment of claims
166	under this title.
167	(g) By September 1, 2017, and annually thereafter, the Mayor shall submit a report to the
168	Council about the financial management, claim management, operation, and use of the Fund and
169	paid family and medical leave program established in this title.

(h) By December 31, 2018, and every two years thereafter, the Auditor of the District of Columbia shall evaluate and submit a report to the Council on the implementation of the program established under this title.

Sec. 105. Contributions to the Fund.

(a) By September 30th of each year, the Chief Financial Officer of the District of Columbia shall certify the balance of the Fund established in section 104 of this Act. If the balance in the Fund is not certified to exceed one year of projected expenses under Act, the percentage contribution rate shall be, at a maximum, 1%.

(b)(1) If the balance is certified to exceed one year of projected expenses, the contribution rate shall be based on the following percentages:

180	Individual Annual Salary	Percent Paid into Fund
181	\$0.01 under \$10,000	0%
182	\$10,000 under \$20,000	.5%
183	\$20,000 under \$50,000	.6%
184	\$50,000 under \$150,000	.8%
185	\$150,000 and over	1%

(2) If the Chief Financial Officer determines that the contribution rate provided for in this subsection is not required for the Fund to remain solvent, the Chief Financial Officer may determine a scaled percentage; provided that no contribution rate portion of the scaled percentage shall be more than 1%.

(c) Each covered employer shall contribute to the Fund in a manner and form prescribed by the Mayor under this title an amount equal to the contribution rate multiplied by the wages paid by that covered employer to each covered employee. If a covered employee does not receive income evenly throughout the year, the estimated payment shall be calculated using the annualized income installment method that annualizes the amount at the end of each period based on a reasonable estimate of income, deductions, and other items relating to events that occurred from the beginning of the tax year through the end of the period.

- (d) Covered employers' contributions shall be made in the same manner and violations shall be subject to the same procedures, interest, penalties, and remedies as unemployment contributions pursuant to section 4 of the District of Columbia Unemployment Compensation Act, effective August 28, 1935 (49 Stat. 948, D.C. Official Code § 51-104), except that the Mayor may choose a different designee to prescribe regulations and otherwise implement this section.
- (e) An eligible individual who earns wages in a capacity other than as a covered employee shall contribute to the Fund in a manner and form prescribed by the Mayor under this title an amount equal to the contribution rate multiplied by his or her wages earned and paid in a capacity other than as a covered employee, including, in the case of a self-employed individual who has not opted out of coverage under this title, self-employment income.
- (f) Contributions required by subsection (e) of this section shall be made in the same manner and violations shall be subject to the same procedures, interest, penalties, and remedies as individual income taxes pursuant to D.C. Official Code §§ 47–1801.01 *et seq.* This requirement shall be incorporated into subchapter II of chapter 15 of title 47, District of

Columbia Code, for purposes of agreements with federal agencies entered into in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 5516.

Sec. 106. Self-employed individuals.

- (a) An individual who earns self-employment income shall be continuously enrolled in the Paid Family and Medical Leave Program unless that individual has elected not to receive coverage during an open enrollment period or within 60 days of the commencement of their business.
- (b) Open enrollment periods shall extend for 60 days after the effective date of this title and for the months of November and December during each subsequent calendar year. Coverage shall automatically continue each year unless an individual opts out and contributions shall be paid in monthly installments.
- (c) If an individual who earns self-employment income, and who has previously opted out, wishes to reenroll in the Paid Family and Medical Leave Program, the individual shall do so for an initial period of not less than 3 years by providing written application of such reenrollment to the Mayor. After 3 years, the individual may withdraw from coverage during any open enrollment period. Any individual who previously opted out of coverage shall not be eligible for benefits for the first year after reenrolling in the Program.
- (d) If an eligible individual who earns self-employment income does not make a timely payment then the District shall notify the eligible individual of the payment due. After notice has been given, and if payment is not received, then the eligible individual's policy shall be cancelled. The eligible individual may re-enroll only pursuant to section 106(c) of this title.
 - Sec. 107. Administration of the Paid Family and Medical Leave Program.

235 this title. 236 (b) Claims for benefits shall be made in accordance with this title and any regulations that 237 the Mayor may prescribe for administration of the program provided for in this title. 238 (c) The Mayor shall not require any individual to provide a social security number in 239 order to apply for or obtain benefits under this title. 240 (d) The Mayor shall notify the employer within 5 business days of a claim being filed 241 pursuant to this title. 242 (e) Within 10 business days after an individual has filed a claim for benefits under this 243 title, the Mayor shall make and notify an individual of: 244 (1) an initial determination as to an individual's eligibility to receive benefits 245 pursuant to this title; 246 (2) the weekly amount payable to the eligible individual; 247 (3) the week with respect to which payments will commence; and 248 (4) the maximum duration thereof. 249 (f) If an individual is deemed eligible to receive family and medical leave benefits 250 provided for under this title, the Mayor shall make the first payment to the eligible individual 251 within 10 business days of the determination and subsequent payments shall be made biweekly 252 thereafter. 253 (g) The Mayor shall use information sharing and integration technology to facilitate the 254 disclosure of relevant information or records so long as an individual consents to the disclosure 255 as required under District law.

(a) The Mayor shall establish procedures and forms for filing claims for benefits under

(h)(1) The Mayor shall create a user-friendly, online portal for the submission and management of forms and documents.

- (2) The portal shall be accessible to the public via the Internet, and shall be designed with a privacy protected, user-friendly, interactive, searchable interface that provides information relevant to claimants, employers, and the public.
 - (3) No individual information shall be posted on this portal.
- (4) The components of the portal accessible to the general public shall include at a minimum, real-time, searchable parameters for the purpose of collection of reportable data, tracking program use, and to use data to reduce the cost of the program and to integrate the program with existing District benefit programs.
- (i) Information contained in the files and records pertaining to an individual under this title are confidential and not open to public inspection, other than to public employees in the performance of their official duties. However, an individual or an authorized representative of an individual may review his or her own records or receive specific information from his or her own records. All documents may be accepted and distributed electronically pursuant to D.C. Official Code § 28-4917.
 - (j)(1) The Mayor shall prescribe and provide to covered employers a notice explaining:
- (A) The employees' right to paid family and medical leave benefits under this title and the terms under which such leave may be used;
- (B) That retaliation by the covered employer against the covered employee for requesting, applying for, or using paid family and medical leave benefits is prohibited; and

- (C) That the covered employee has a right to file a complaint and the procedures established by the Mayor for filing a complaint.
 - (2) The notice shall comply with the Language Access Act of 2004, effective June 19, 2005 (D.C. Law 15-167; D.C. Official Code § 2-1931 *et seq.*).

- (3) Each covered employer shall, at the time of hiring and annually thereafter, and at the time the covered employer is aware that the leave is needed, provide this notice to each covered employee. Each covered employer shall also post and maintain the notice in a conspicuous place in English and in all languages in which the Mayor has published the notice.
- (4) A covered employer who violates this notice requirement shall be assessed a civil penalty not to exceed \$100 for each covered employee to whom individual notice was not delivered and \$100 for each day that the covered employer fails to post the notice in a conspicuous place. No liability for failure to post notice will arise under this section if the Mayor has not prescribed the notice required by this section.
- (k) (1) The Mayor shall conduct a public education campaign to inform covered employees, covered employers, and eligible individuals regarding the availability of paid family and medical leave benefits in the District. In the first 2 years after the program is established, the Mayor shall use .5% of the funds collected for the paid family and medical leave program in a given year to pay for the public education program. In subsequent years, the Mayor shall use .25% of the funds collected for the paid family and medical leave program to pay for the public education program.
- (2) The Mayor shall coordinate with the Office of Human Rights and other agencies the Mayor deems appropriate to create an awareness campaign for the program established by this title.

301	(3) All outreach information shall comply with the Language Access Act of 2004,
302	effective June 19, 2005 (D.C. Law 15-167; D.C. Official Code § 2-1931 et seq.).
303	Sec. 108. Coordination of benefits.
304	(a) If paid leave taken under this title also qualifies for protected leave under the Family
305	and Medical Leave Act, 29 U.S.C. 2601, or the D.C. FMLA, paid leave provided pursuant to this
306	title shall run concurrently with leave taken under those acts.
307	(b) If an eligible individual is eligible for short-term disability insurance offered by a
308	covered employer, this does not exempt the covered employer or eligible individual from this
309	title.
310	(c) This title shall not:
311	(1) Supersede any provision of law, collective bargaining agreement, or other
312	contract that provides paid leave rights in addition to the rights established under this
313	title; or
314	(2) Prevent a covered employer from adopting or retaining a paid leave policy that
315	provides greater benefits than are required by this title.
316	(d) An individual's right to benefits under this title may not be diminished by a collective
317	bargaining agreement, other contract, or an employer policy entered into or issued after the
318	effective date of this Act. Any agreement by an individual to waive his or her rights under this
319	title that is entered into after the effective date of this Act is void as against public policy.
320	Sec. 109. Appeals.
321	(a) Within 60 days of an individual being notified of a claim determination made by the
322	Mayor, an individual may appeal the claim determination, weekly amount of benefits being

provided to the individual, or the duration of the benefits to the Office of the Administrative Hearings.

- (b) The Office of Administrative Hearings shall consider as evidence of eligibility documentation including but not limited to: paystubs; documentation of wages in the form of personal checks, cash receipts, or bank deposits; work schedules; communications between employer and employee; and any circumstantial evidence of the employee's eligibility.
- (c) In any case where an employer has failed to keep or provide an employee with employment records as required under D.C. law or has failed to make contributions on wages paid to an employee as required under this title, the Office of Administrative Hearings shall presume the employee eligible and shall consider broadly evidence of the employee's eligibility for the benefit.
- (d) A complaint, other than a claim determination, shall be filed within 1 year of the occurrence or discovery of the alleged violation of this title, whichever is later.
- (e) For complaints, other than a claim determination, that arise under this title, the administrative enforcement procedure and relief shall be the same as that in the District of Columbia Family and Medical Leave Act of 1990, effective March 14, 1991 (D.C. Law 8-181; D.C. Official Code § 32-501 *et seq.*).
 - (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title:
- (1) All correspondence, notices, determinations, or decisions required for the administration of this title may be transmitted to claimants, employers, or necessary parties by electronic mail or other means of communication as the claimant, employer, or necessary party may select from the alternative methods of communication approved by the Mayor. The Mayor

345	shall issue a list of such approved methods of communication within 45 days after the effective
346	date of this title.
347	(2) All correspondence, notices, determinations, or decisions issued by the Mayor
348	may be signed by an electronic signature that complies with the requirements of D.C. Official
349	Code § 28-4917 and Mayor's Order 2009-118, issued June 25, 2009.
350	Sec. 110. Erroneous payments and disqualification for benefits.
351	(a) An individual is disqualified from family and medical leave benefits for one year if
352	the individual willfully made a false statement or misrepresentation regarding a material fact, or
353	willfully failed to report a material fact, to obtain benefits under this title.
354	(b) If family and medical leave benefits are paid erroneously or as a result of willful
355	misrepresentation, or if a claim for family and medical leave benefits is rejected after benefits are
356	paid, the Mayor may seek repayment of benefits from the recipient. The Mayor shall exercise
357	his or her discretion to waive, in whole or in part, the amount of any such payments where the
358	recovery would be against equity and good conscience.
359	Sec. 111. Prohibited acts.
360	(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of
361	or the attempt to exercise any right provided by this title.
362	(b) It shall be unlawful for an employer to retaliate in any manner against any person
363	because the person:
364	(1) Opposes any practice made unlawful by this title;
365	(2) Pursuant or related to this title:
366	(A) Files or attempts to file a charge;
367	(B) Institutes or attempts to institute a proceeding; or

368	(C) Facilitates the institution of a proceeding; or
369	(3) Gives any information or testimony in connection with an inquiry or proceeding
370	related to this title.
371	Sec. 112. Investigative authority.
372	(a) An employer shall develop, maintain, and make available to the Mayor records
373	regarding the employer's activities related to this chapter that the Mayor may prescribe by rule.
374	(b) To ensure compliance with the provisions of this chapter, the Mayor, consistent with
375	constitutional guidelines, may:
376	(1) Investigate and gather data regarding any wage, hour, condition, or practice of
377	employment related to this chapter; and
378	(2) Enter or inspect any place of employment or record required by this chapter.
379	(c) For the purpose of any investigation provided for in this section, the Mayor may
380	exercise the subpoena authority provided in D.C. Law 3-109, § 3, 27 DCR 3785.
381	Sec. 113 Enforcement by civil action.
382	(a) Subject to the provisions in subsection (b) of this section, a covered employee,
383	eligible individual, or the Mayor may bring a civil action against any employer to enforce the
384	provisions of this chapter in any court of competent jurisdiction.
385	(b) No civil action may be commenced more than 1 years after the occurrence or
386	discovery of the alleged violation of this chapter. This 1 year period shall be tolled during the
387	course of any administrative proceedings or during any period when a covered employer has
388	failed to comply with the notice provisions of this title.
389	Title II Conforming Amendments

390	Sec. 201. Section 6 of the Office of Administrative Hearings Establishment Act of 2001,
391	effective March 2, 2002 (D.C. Law 14-76; D.C. Official Code § 2-1831.03) is amended by
392	adding a new subsection (b-9) to read as follows:
393	"(b-9) In addition to those adjudicated cases listed in subsections (a), (b), (b-1), (b-2), (b-1)
394	3), (b-4), (b-5), (b-6), (b-7), and (b-8) of this section, this act shall apply to all adjudicated cases
395	that arise from Bill 21-415, the "Universal Paid Leave Act of 2016."
396	Sec. 202. Paragraph 4 of Section 2 of the D.C. Family and Medical Leave Act of 1990,
397	effective March 14, 1991 (D.C. Law 8-181; D.C. Official Code § 32-501(4)) is amended as
398	follows:
399	(a) Subparagraph (B) is amended by striking the word "or".
400	(b) Subparagraph (C) is amended by striking the period and inserting the phrase "; or " in
401	its place.
402	(c) A new subparagraph (D) is added to read as follows:
403	"(D) A foster child.".
404	Title III Fiscal impact and effective date.
405	Sec 301. Applicability.
406	(a) Title I and Title II of this act shall apply upon the date of inclusion of its fiscal effect
407	in an approved budget and financial plan.
408	(b) The Chief Financial Officer shall certify the date of the inclusion of the fiscal
409	effect in an approved budget and financial plan, and provide notice to the Budget Director of the
410	Council of the certification.
411	(c)(1) The Budget Director shall cause the notice of the certification to be
412	published in the District of Columbia Register.

113	(2) The date of publication of the notice of the certification shall not affect
114	the applicability of this act.
115	Sec. 302. Fiscal impact statement.
116	The Council adopts the fiscal impact statement in the committee report as the fiscal
117	impact statement required by section 4a of the General Legislative Procedures Act of 1975,
118	approved October 16, 2006 (120 Stat. 2038; D.C. Official Code § 1-301.47a).
119	Sec. 303. Effective date.
120	This act shall take effect following approval of the Mayor (or in the event of veto by the
121	Mayor, action by the Council to override the veto), a 30-day period of congressional review as
122	provided in section 602(c)(1) of the District of Columbia Home Rule Act, approved December
123	24, 1973 (87 Stat. 813; D.C Official Code § 1-206.22(c)(1)), and publication in the District of
124	Columbia Register.